

Searching and LSRs

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Searching: critical component



As with any SR, the search for evidence forms a critical component What happens here has a knock-on effect for the whole review



Bespoke, multi-source searches for each individual review



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Broader searches to create comprehensive specialized register



Bespoke, multi-source searches for each individual review



Broader searches to create comprehensive specialized register

Around 90% or review groups follow approach 1



PICOTS

Population Intervention Comparator Outcome Time Study design



PICOTS

Most searches aim to maximise sensitivity by focusing on **Population** and **Intervention** and **Study design**



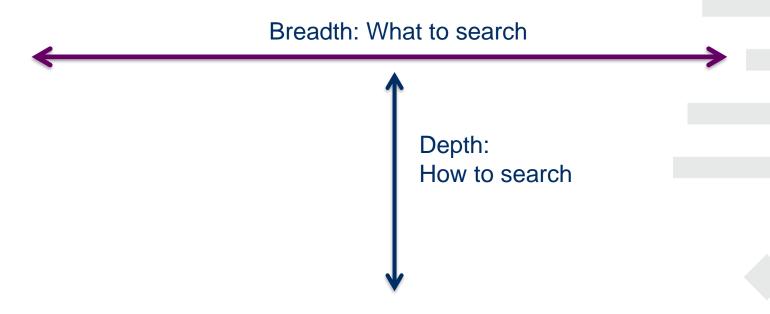
PICOTS

For registers, searches will mainly focus on Population and Study design



Breadth: What to search



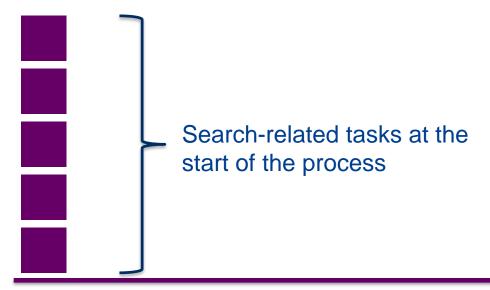


For both approaches, it's about breadth and depth:

What to search, and How to search it

MECIR offers guidance on minimum acceptable

Searching: updating

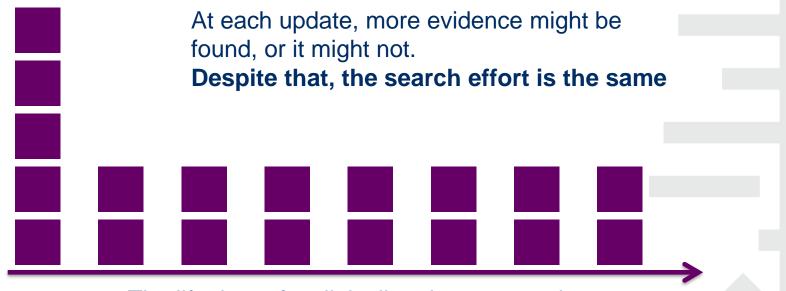


The life time of a clinically relevant question

The first search you do for a review generally involves the most work:

Designing searches, running them, downloading, de-duping and reporting

Searching: updating

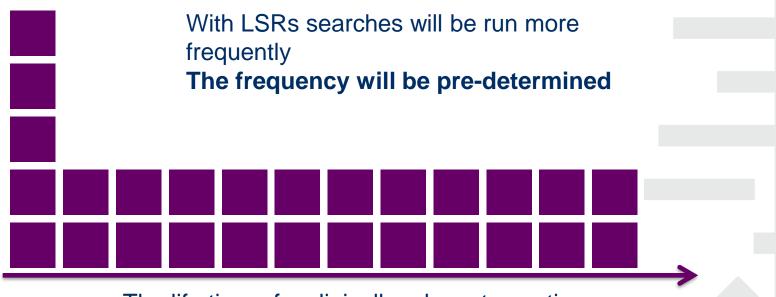


The life time of a clinically relevant question

Tasks at update: check search, revise if needed, run it, download, de-dupe, report



Searching: LSRs



The life time of a clinically relevant question

LSRs aim at the outset to achieve a high degree of currency by continuous monitoring of the evidence

Pilot guidance 0.3

Searching: 3 main challenges

- 1. Argh, Ovid's changed, again (databases change)
- 2. Reporting
- 3. Effort vs value

These are not new challenges

Searching: databases change

Re-running a search isn't just a matter of pressing a button

Re-run the search



Searching: reporting

Reporting changes to searches, or search process, even if no new data is identified

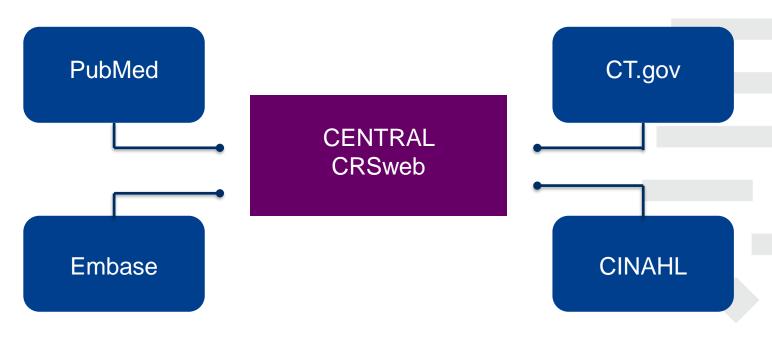


Searching: effort vs value

Same effort in re-running a search even when nothing new is identified time and time again



Searching: CSS



The Centralised Search Service will play an important role in helping reduce wasted human effort

Won't rule out the need for searching these sources altogether

Searching: CSS

CINAHL

Takes effort (time and skill) to search for very little yield

CT.gov

Important source of ongoing and unpublished trials

Searching: crowd and machine





The Crowd and the Machine (as part of Project Transform), work closely with CSS to help create a number of 'centralised' searches

Searching: summary

- The move towards being able to produce living evidence is exciting
- Searching for LSRs will not mean compromising on the quality of searching
- But there will be challenges
- Enablers such as CSS, Crowd and Machine will play a significant role in effective study identification
- The pilots will be critical is helping to explore the challenges and the role of enablers